

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2017

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Physics (4PH0) Paper 1P Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1P

Pearson Edexcel Certificate in Physics (KPH0) Paper 1P Science (Double Award) (KSC0) Paper 1P



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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answ	er	Notes	Marks
1 (a)	1 mark for each corre	ect tick;;;		3
	Radiation	lonising	Non-ionising	
	alpha	√given		
	beta	✓		
	gamma	1		
	ultrasound		✓	
(b)	any two sensible idea e.g.	S	ignore idea of ingestion	2
	keep time exposur	re short;	condone short half-life for short time exposure	
	• store source in lea	d container;		
	 keep distance exp possible; 	osure as long as	allow tongs or barrier for distance	
	wear protective clo	othing (1 MAX);	e.g. goggles, lab coat, gloves, mask, etc	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	MP1. set squares used correctly to mark diameter of marble;	allow labelled diagram	3
	MP2. Set squares measured against ruler;	all street squares	
	MP3. EITHER repeat and find average (mean); OR measure 2 or more marbles (in a line);	=mp1 +2 Squared for a square of the square o	
		morphing morphing =mp2	
		=0	
		mp1 +2	
(b)	Any 5 from	Allow	5
	MP1. mass measured;		
	MP2. suitable device for measuring mass;		
	MP3. suitable container named e.g. measuring cylinder, displacement can;	labelled/annotated diagram	
	MP4. displacement method described (can be shown on diagram);	uses diameter to calculate the volume	
	MP5. volume determined e.g.=volume after-volume before or volume displaced;	states V= 4/3 π r ³	

MP6.	repeats and averages OR more than 2 marbles used;		
MP7.	uses density= mass/volume;	allow recognisable symbols	

Total 8 marks

t words or ard symbols	1 1 4
	4
5.45 20/5.45	
to 4.3 get 3	
	2
ne histogram	
line graph	
-	3
calculated s (cm/s) 3 7 (4.3)	
viest,slowest; dle, fastest;	
	4.67 5.45 20/5.45 3.67 ers which to 4.3 get 3 is ne histogram line graph ork for lified 'yes' or s don't go in 'eq calculated s (cm/s) 8 7 (4.3) .3 viest, slowest; dle, fastest; test, middle

	uest numl		Answer	Notes	Marks
4	(a)		(however expressed) driving force> resistive force;	there is a resultant force forces are not balanced	1
	(b)	i	a= <u>change in velocity;</u> time	in words or accepted symbols	1
	b	ii	substitution; evaluation;		2
			e.g. $a = \frac{24-15}{6}$ $a = 9/6 = 1.5 (m/s^2)$		
	(c)		 any two from: MP1. braking force increases; MP2. the driving / forward force becomes zero/decreases; MP3. air resistance decreases (as speed decreases); MP4. resultant force is now in opposite direction; 	the overall resistive force /backwards force increases	2
				allow resultant force increases for 1 mark	

Total 6 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a)	any four in any order voltmeter; ammeter; power supply; variable resistor/connecting wires/switch;	accept battery accept variable power supply for 2 marks	4
(b) i	 any 1 of the following: MP1. resistance changes with temperature; MP2. temperature affects current; MP3. the wire will get hot because of the current; 		1
ii	any suitable method; further detail; e.g. use a switch only on for short time allow wire to cool between readings use only low current	allow water bath	2
(c)	 4 correct lines score 3 marks;;; 2 or 3 correct lines score 2 marks;; 1 correct line scores 1 mark; i correct line scores 1 mark; <li< td=""><td></td><td>3</td></li<>		3

Total 10 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (a)	a microphone;		2
	a loudspeaker;		
b i	v= f x λ;	in words or accepted symbols any rearranged form	1
ii	changing kHz into Hz; substitution; evaluation; e.g. 12 000 = 12 000 000 v = 25 x 12 000 000 300 000 000 (m/s)	seen anywhere 3.0 x 10 ⁸ (m/s) POT error loses the conversion mark	3

Total 6 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a)	any three of the following:		3
	 MP1. current increases during first 0.04s/ to maximum of 0.4A; MP2. current increase is linear /proportionate to time; 	allow `at first' for first 0.04s	
	MP3. (then) current drops for next 0.44s / by 0.48s ; MP4. current decrease is nonlinear ;	allow 0.5s	
	MP5. (final)current constant value is 0.2 A/ from 0.48s onwards;	allow 0.5s	
b i	0.2 A;		1
ii	V= I R;	accept words or standard symbols	1
iii	substitution; rearrangement; evaluation; unit; e.g. $12 = 0.2 \times R$ R = 12/0.2 = 60 Ω	accept ecf from bi independent mark	4
iv	P= IV;	accept words or standard symbols	1
V	substitution; evaluation; e.g. P= 0.2 ×12 2.4 (W)	accept ecf from bi	2
с	filament heats up very rapidly (at the start); causing it to melt/ break;	allow wire for filament	2

Total 14 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
8 (a) i	B a 1 kg mass would weigh more on Earth than on Uranus;		1
ii	C 4 N/kg;		1
b i	conversion into s; substitution into correct equation (no mark for equation); rearrangement; evaluation; e.g. $1350 = \frac{2 \times \Pi \times r}{1820 \times 60}$ r = $\frac{1350 \times 1820 \times 60}{2}$	factor of 60 seen orbital speed = $\frac{2 \times \pi \times \text{orbital radius}}{\text{time period}}$	4
	2×n = 23 500 000 (m)	23 462 621(m) POT error loses one mark 391 000 gains 3 marks	
ii	A		1

Total 8 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
9 (a)	gravitational potential (energy);	GPE	1
b	any three of: MP1. turbine spins; MP2. (causes) coils of wire spin;	allow turbines rotates magnets spin	3
	 MP3. between the poles of (large) magnets; MP4. current or voltage is induced; MP5. in or across the coils of wire; 	inside coils of wire	
С	any one of: MP1. to keep voltage or current (value) constant; MP2. voltage (or current) produced depends on the speed of rotation (of coil);	allow frequency of voltage depends on the speed of rotation	1
d i	efficiency = <u>useful energy output</u> total energy input		1
ii	substitution; rearrangement; evaluation of useful energy; subtraction from input energy; e.g. 36 = output energy gains 1 100 = 1050 OP energy = 36×1050 gains 2 100 = 378 (kJ) gains 3 wasted energy = $1050-378 = 672$ (kJ)	allow alternative method by calc 64% of 1050 kJ	4
	gains 4	POT error (often as 36 not seen as % or fraction) loses 1st mark	
iii	any two suitable energy forms: e.g. thermal energy (of the water); frictional heating (along the pipe/in bearings); noise/sound;	condone 'heat' not just 'friction'	2

Total 12 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
10 (a) i	substitution; rearrangement; evaluation; e.g. $80 \times 1.01 \times 10^5 = 10 \times p_2$ $p_2 = \frac{80 \times 1.01 \times 10^5}{10}$ = 8.08 × 10 ⁵ (Pa)	equation is given accept 8 or 8.1×10^5 (Pa) 808 000 (Pa) POT error loses 1 mark allow 2 marks max for using V ₂ as 70 (115 400)	3
ii	the temperature is constant;		1
iii	any two from:		2
	MP1. friction /rubbing;		
	MP2. between rubber disc and walls OR air molecules and valve;MP3. work is done on the gas;	allow for 1 mark unqualified statement that temperature increases pressure as increases	
b i	work done = force X distance moved;		1
ii	conversion of mass to N; substitution; evaluation; e.g. 1.25 kg is 12.5 N F= 12.5×8.70 =109 (J)	allow GPE calculation accept 108.75 (J) 110 (J) 10.875 or 11 J	3
		110 (J)	

other POT error only loses conversion mark	

Total 10 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
11 (a) i	normal drawn at G ;	by eye	1
ii	value for G;(45) value for D; (45)	tolerance ±2°	2
b	ray has been reflected; totally internally; because angle of incidence > critical angle;	allow 42 or 43°	3
C	correct refraction at G downwards; TIR on bottom surface; emergent ray parallel to and below DE; = 3		3

Total 10 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
12 (a)	5 correct lines score 4 marks;;;; 4 or 3 correct lines score 3 marks;;; 2 correct lines score 2 marks;; 1 correct line scores 1 mark; part of reactor purpose control rod transfers thermal energy tuel rod the reactor moderator slows the neutrons reactor vessel contains uranium		4
b	C neutrons;		1
с	any four from:	only accept precise terminology	
	MP1. neutron absorbed by; MP2. uranium(-235) nucleus ;	allow hits/collides/eq	4
	MP3. causing it to split;		
	MP4. into 2 daughter products / nuclei / isotopes;	allow named products	
	MP5. releasing further neutrons /energy;		
d	any three comparisons from (however expressed):		3
	MP1. decay is random but fission is not;		
	MP2. fission induced by input particle but decay occurs without an input particle;		
	MP3. fission produces 2 daughter nuclei but decay produces only 1;		
	MP4. α or β are emitted from decay but not from fission;		

MP5. decay rate can't be altered but rate of fission can;	
MP6. Number of fissionable isotopes much less than radioactive isotopes;	

Total 12 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
13 (a)	any two from: same starting temperature; same volume of water; same time interval;		2
b i	B; because dark surfaces are good emitters;		2
ii	C; it has the greatest surface area (exposed to the air);	allow widest opening/eq	2
с	 MP1. It loses the least amount of (thermal) energy; MP2. cotton wool reduces conduction; MP3. the white/light surface (of the cotton wool) is a poor emitter (of radiation); 	MP2, 3, 4 must include a method of thermal energy transfer	4
	MP4. the lid reduces convection;	allow lid reduces evaporation for MP4 allow cotton wool is an insulator for MP2	

Total 10 marks

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